

Traka Resources Limited

ABN: 63 103 323 173

24 October 2022

Company Announcements Office ASX Limited Level 4, 20 Bridge Street SYDNEY NSW 2000

2022 Annual Report

Attached is a copy of the Traka Resources Limited 2022 Annual Report.

By authority of the board.

I Gibbs Company Secretary



Annual Report 2022

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Corporate Directory

Directors

Joshua Pitt BSc, MAusIMM, MAIG, Non-Executive Chairman Patrick Verbeek BSc, MAusIMM, Managing Director George Petersons, Non-Executive Director

Company Secretary Ira Gibbs BAcc (Hons), CA(SA)

Principal and Registered Office

Suite 2 Ground Floor 43 Ventnor Avenue West Perth WA 6005 Ph: (08) 9322 1655 Email: traka@trakaresources.com.au Web: www.trakaresources.com.au

Auditor

HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) Level 4, 130 Stirling Street Perth WA 6000

Share Register

Computershare Investor Services Pty Ltd Level 11, 172 St Georges Terrace Perth WA 6000 Ph: (08) 9323 2000 Fax: (08) 9323 2033

Stock Exchange Listing

Traka Resources Limited (TKL) shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange

Corporate Governance

The company's Corporate Governance Statement is set out on: http://www.trakaresources.com.au/corporate-governance

Managing Director's Report



The 2022 Financial Year has been a busy and productive period for Traka Resources, with strong progress towards unlocking the potential of our flagship Mt Cattlin Gold-Copper Project in Western Australia.

Mt Cattlin Gold Project

The Mt Cattlin Project is located in south-western Western Australia in a proven mining district that includes Galaxy Resources' Mt Cattlin Lithium Mine (located immediately to the south of Traka's tenements), the Ravensthorpe Nickel Mine (First Quantum Minerals Ltd) and the Ravensthorpe Gold Project (Medallion Metals Limited). The Company's tenements at Mt Cattlin comprise a prime strategic ground-holding in the Ravensthorpe emerging remains Greenstone Belt, which historically underexplored despite hosting numerous significant mining operations (Figure 1).

Drilling Programs

During the year, Traka undertook Reverse Circulation (RC) and diamond drilling programs at the Mt Cattlin Project to test the theory that all historical mines and

newly-identified targets at Mt Cattlin are located within or immediately peripheral to a large 3.5 x 1.5 km elliptical shaped porphyry-style intrusive complex.

Ellendale Prospect

RC drilling at the Ellendale Prospect targeted a 200mlong portion of a line of old mine workings coincident with gold-in-soil geochemical and aeromagnetic anomalism. The anomalism extends over 1km from the Plantagenet Prospect in the south-west and the Revival Prospect in the north-east.

Drilling confirmed mineralisation is hosted in a steeply dipping zone of porphyritic and doleritic intrusive with low-grade copper mineralisation occurring in zones of up to 30 metres and several gold lodes occurring within this zone.

Plantagenet Prospect

RC drilling at Plantagenet tested below shallow historical mine workings, which most likely exploited supergene enriched gold mineralisation in the soft weathered rock. A coincident aeromagnetic plus soil geochemical anomaly overlies Plantagenet, extending in a north-easterly trend over approximately 1km through the Ellendale and Revival Prospects.

The high-grade gold at Plantagenet occurs as discrete zones within wide, strongly anomalous copper mineralisation hosted in porphyritic intrusive rocks and basalt. The mineralisation intersected at depth is wider and more extensive than indicated from surface workings and resembles the results previously returned from drilling at Ellendale.

Revival Prospect

At Revival, RC drilling tested a small area around shallow, prospector-scale workings on the northern end of a 1km-long coincident aeromagnetic and soil geochemical anomaly which includes the Ellendale and Plantagenet prospects.

Drilling intersected gold, copper and silver mineralisation in a 50m wide zone within mafic intrusive and porphyry rocks. This geological setting is similar to

Managing Director's Report

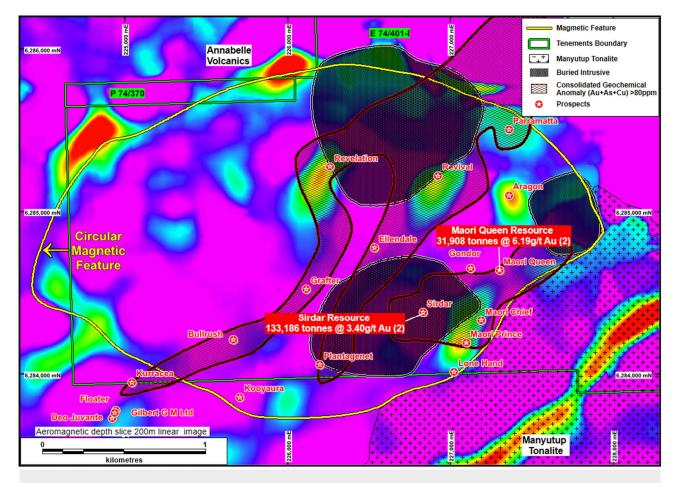


Figure 1. Aeromagnetic image of the Mt Cattlin Gold-Copper Project showing key prospects, including the location of three buried mineralised intrusives.

that found at Ellendale and Plantagenet, with results also indicating that the mineralisation is more extensive than that reflected in historical soil geochemical surveys.

Revelation Prospect

At the Revelation Prospect, RC drilling and a Downhole Electromagnetic (DHEM) survey indicate that the goldcopper mineralisation is associated with a steeplydipping intrusive body about 400m long.

The south side of the intrusive terminates on a northwest trending shear zone which is also mineralised, with drilling confirming that the mineralisation extends into the main body of the intrusive.

The large body of mineralisation associated with the coincident aeromagnetic and geochemical body is

considered to be one of many intrusive bodies that form a large intrusive complex hosting mineralisation at Mt Cattlin. Ongoing assessment of the Revelation Prospect will continue with the aim of identifying significant scale Resources.

Grafter Prospect

Drilling at the Grafter Prospect intersected a wide zone of strongly anomalous copper mineralisation which included discrete gold lodes.

The Grafter Prospect aligns in a south-western orientation with a gold-in-soil geochemical anomaly which extends for about 500m to the old Bullrush Mine workings, with this mineralised trend to form the basis of the next phase of drilling at Grafter.

Maori Prince and Maori Chief Prospects

The Maori Prince and Maori Chief area is characterised by numerous narrow lines of mineralisation in a 100m wide shear zone extending over 1km length. At Maori Queen (located several hundred metres to the northeast), a Mineral Resource of 31,908 tonnes @ 6.19g/t Au has previously been calculated on one of the mineralised structures to about 70m depth.

The Maori Prince and Chief Prospects both offer opportunities for narrow, high-grade resources, similar to that defined at Maori Queen, with higher density drilling required to define a Mineral Resource. Both prospects remain open at depth, with this style of mineralisation often persisting to great depths.

Sirdar Prospect

Drilling at Sirdar appeared to highlight a new mineralised hanging wall structure in a position consistent with the expected down-plunge extension of the Sirdar Mineral Resource (101,214 tonnes @ 3.58 g/t Au and 31,972 tonnes at 2.83 g/t Au), with additional drilling planned to further test this opportunity.

In addition, the intersection of gold-copper mineralisation in a number of positions down plunge from the Sirdar Resource confirms that this target remains open at depth.

Buried Untested Intrusives Bodies Within the Mt Cattlin Intrusive Complex

Additional modelling of new generation low detection limit multi-element geochemical data, in combination with geochemical and geological review of old data, has highlighted the presence of three untested intrusive bodies within the 3.5km-wide intrusive complex that is centrally located within Traka's tenements.

The intrusives were modelled using soil geochemical data assayed for elements commonly associated with the alteration halos surrounding large porphyry and/or IRG (Intrusive Related Gold) deposits. The modelling indicates that the centre of each intrusive has a core of several hundred metres' diameter and that they sit at a depth of between 250m and 800m. The largest and shallowest of these intrusives is the northern body.

A helicopter-borne MobileMT (Magnetotellurics) geophysical survey was completed over the Mt Cattlin Project during the June 2022 Quarter to define deeper geological structures (up to 1km below surface), with results to be integrated with near-surface data to provide a detailed geological model to assist with follow -up drill targeting.

The specific focus of the survey was to investigate the three buried mineralised intrusive positions, while also providing coverage of the broader Mt Cattlin Project area.

The MobileMT data is expected to be received early in FY2023. The deep, penetrating MobileMT survey results will then be integrated with near-surface data (gained from previous aeromagnetic, IP (Induced Polarisation) and EM (Electromagnetic) surveys) to assist with the design of a follow-up drill program.

Gorge Creek Project

The lifting COVID-19 travel restrictions has allowed reentry to the Gorge Creek Project in Queensland.

Traka last undertook drilling at Gorge Creek in September 2019 and intersected encouraging levels of copper (Cu), lead (Pb) and zinc (Zn) mineralisation in a number of RC pre-collar drill-holes but did not have the opportunity to reach target depths with diamond drillhole tails.

The drilling was targeting very large-scale SEDEX-style lead and zinc deposits, similar in nature to the Tier-1 Century and MacArthur River deposits found in the region and the copper (Cu), cobalt (Co), lead (Pb) and zinc (Zn) targets on the major structural positions like the Fish River Fault Zone (FRFZ) hosting the nearby Walford Creek deposit.

In the intervening period since Traka's drilling, Geoscience Australia completed new regional-scale geophysical and geological surveys which have further enhanced the prospectivity of the Gorge Creek Project. Gorge Creek is now interpreted to be on the northern margins of the north-east trending Brunette Downs Rift Corridor, where it is in contact with the FRFZ and the Murphy Inlier (Figure 2).

Managing Director's Report

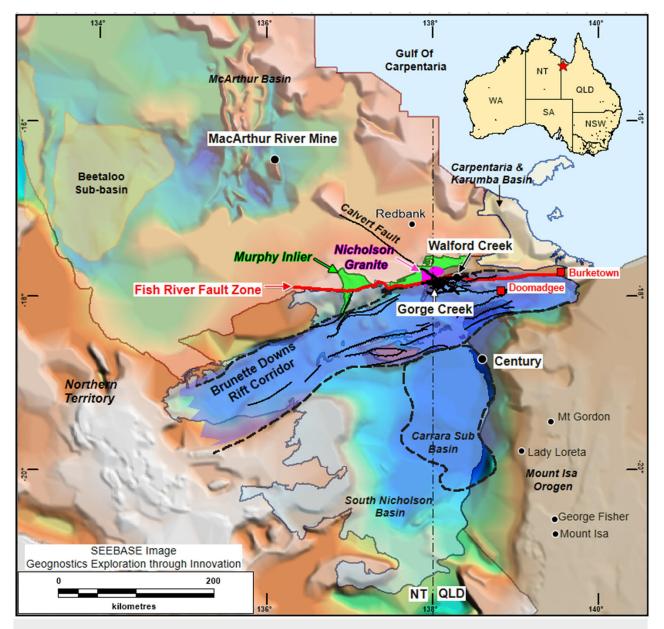


Figure 2. An image showing the key position of the Gorge Creek Project on the intersecting margin of the newly defined Brunette Downs Rift Zone, the South Nicholson Basin, the Murphy Inlier, major faults and the Nicholson Granite.

Within the Gorge Creek tenements, a series of deepening half-graben faults, conformable to the regional Brunette Downs Rift direction, segments the stratigraphic sequence into a series of half-graben ramps deepening to the south towards the centre of the South Nicholson Basin. One of these ramps appears to link the mineralisation hosted in the Mt Les Siltstone at Walford Creek to the Hercules drill target on Traka's tenement 20km to the south-west.

A helicopter-borne XCITE electromagnetic survey completed by Traka in 2018 highlighted the conductive pyritic carbonaceous Mt Les Siltstone underneath the Hercules target pre-collar drill-hole. In this position, the intersecting half graben, Gorge Creek and Ruby Faults could be the conduits for mineralisation fluids.

Another favourable target zone on this same style of geological setting is recognised in the vicinity of the

Managing Director's Report

north-west trending Calvert Fault, but no field work has yet been completed here.

At Walford Creek the Cu, Co, Pb and Zn mineralisation present in the Mt Les Siltstone has come from hydrothermal fluids coming up through the FRFZ conduit.

Underlying the Mt Les Siltstone is the Walford Creek Dolomite stratigraphic unit, predominantly comprising a carbonate rich rock. Like the pyritic carbonaceous Mt Les Siltstone it is also a reactive rock and an excellent host for mineralisation, particularly at its base where it first encounters the up-welling mineralised hydrothermal fluids. At Walford Creek this position is well below the Mineral Resource, but to the west in Traka's ground, the Walford Creek Dolomite is faulted to surface along the edge of the Brunette Downs Rift Zone where the diverging FRFZ kinks around the Nicholson Granite intrusive.

The complex series of faults and numerous existing gossans, geochemical anomalies and drilled prospects in Traka's tenement attests to flooding of Walford Dolomite by mineralised hydrothermal fluids. There are a number of positions in this area with RC pre-collars already complete and targets zones at the base of the Walford Dolomite with several hundred metres drilling from surface.

Musgrave Project

There was no reportable activity on this project during the reporting period.

Corporate

Traka completed both a Placement of Shares to sophisticated and institutional investors and a Share Purchase Plan in August 2021 at 1.4 cents per shares raising \$1,619,000 (before costs).

The Company raised a further \$800,000 through a Share Placement in February 2022 at 1.2 cents per share.

Proceeds of the capital raisings were used to fund continuing exploration at the Mt Cattlin Gold-Copper Project, as well as generation of new projects and working capital.

Compliance Statement

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Targets, Exploration Results, Mineral Resources or Ore Reserves is based on information compiled by Mr P Verbeek who is the Managing Director of Traka Resources Limited. Mr Verbeek, who is a Competent Person and a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves'. Mr Verbeek consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Patrick Verbeek Managing Director 14th October 2022

Traka Resources Limited (Traka or the Company) is an Australian company listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX). The registered and corporate office of the Company is Suite 2, Ground Floor, 43 Ventnor Ave, West Perth, WA, 6005.

Your Directors present their report on Traka for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Directors

The following persons were directors of the Company during the financial year and up to the date of this report: Joshua Pitt Patrick Verbeek George Petersons

Principal Activities

During the year the principal activity of the Company was exploration of Traka's mineral tenements.

Dividends

No dividends were paid during the year and the directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Review of Operations and Likely Developments

During the year the Company's focus remained on the ongoing exploration at the Mt Cattlin Gold-Copper Project in Western Australia. Reverse circulation and diamond drilling programs were completed during the first half of the year, targeting key prospects spanning an area of several square kilometres. All prospects are considered to be part of a single, large porphyry intrusive complex.

Results highlighted the presence of high-grade lodes within wide zones of low-grade copper, as well as defining a mineralised trend extending over 1km between the Plantagenet and Revival Prospects. Subsequent geochemical footprint modelling highlighted the position of three untested intrusive bodies within the core of the gold and copper mineralisation being drilled at Mt Cattlin. The three buried intrusives are centrally located within a 3.5km-wide intrusive complex that hosts all known gold and copper mineralisation at Mt Cattlin. The intrusives were modelled using soil geochemical data assayed for elements commonly associated with the alteration halos surrounding large porphyry and/or IRG (Intrusive Related Gold) deposits. The modelling indicates that the centre of each intrusive has a core of several hundred metres' diameter and that they sit between 250m and 800m depth. The largest and shallowest of the intrusives is the northern body.

A helicopter-borne MobileMT (Magnetotellurics) geophysical survey was completed over the Mt Cattlin Project area during the June 2022 quarter to define deeper geological structures (up to 1km below surface). The specific focus of the survey was to investigate the three buried mineralised intrusive positions, while also providing coverage of the broader Mt Cattlin Project area. The deep, penetrating MobileMT survey results will be integrated with near-surface data (gained from previous aeromagnetic, IP (Induced Polarisation) and EM (Electromagnetic) surveys) to assist with the design of a follow-up drill program.

Review of Operations and Likely Developments (continued)

In addition to the work programs at Mt Cattlin, the Company also commenced planning for follow-up drilling of copper, cobalt, lead and zinc mineralisation at the Gorge Creek Project in Queensland, which is now accessible following more than two years of COVID-19 lock-out.

There was no reportable activity at the Musgrave Project during the reporting period.

The Company's work programs were supported by two capital raisings – a \$1.62m share Placement and Share Purchase Plan completed in August 2021 at 1.4 cents per share, and an \$800,000 share Placement completed in February 2022 at 1.2 cents per share issuing an additional 182,309,493 ordinary shares in total.

While the Company is progressing with its existing projects, ongoing efforts continue to be made to identify other opportunities to expand the Company's exploration portfolio.

Significant Changes in the State of Affairs

Other than the operating results and the issue of shares there were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Company during the year.

Matters Subsequent to the End of the Financial Year

To the best of the directors' knowledge and belief, there have not been any matters or circumstances that have arisen after balance date that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial periods.

Environmental Regulation

The Company is subject to and compliant with all aspects of environmental regulation of its exploration activities. The directors are not aware of any environmental law that is not being complied with. The National Greenhouse and Energy Reporting Act 2007 requires entities to report annual greenhouse gas emission and energy use. The directors have assessed that there are no current reporting requirements, but that the Company may be required to report in the future.

Information Relating to Directors

Chairman – Non Executive

Joshua Pitt BSc, MAusIMM, MAIG

Mr Pitt is a geologist with extensive exploration experience who has, for more than forty years, been a director of exploration and mining companies in Australia. Mr Pitt is involved in private mineral exploration and also in substantial resource investments. He was appointed a non-executive director of Traka in July 2003 and assumed the position of non-executive chairman in December 2019. He is the executive chairman of both Hampton Hill Mining NL (appointed a director in January 1997 and chairman in April 2012) and Red Hill Iron Limited (appointed a director in June 2005 and chairman in December 2019). He has also held the position of non-executive director of Red Metal Limited since July 2003. Mr Pitt has held no other directorships of ASX listed companies during the last three financial years.

Managing Director

Patrick Verbeek BSc, MAusIMM

Mr Verbeek is a geologist with thirty years' experience in the resource industry in Australia and internationally. Mr Verbeek's experience is wide ranging and is spread equally between mineral exploration and mining, company management and corporate activity. Mr Verbeek has held a number of senior management positions in exploration and mining operations both in open-pit and underground gold and base metal operations as well as executive directorships in private and public resource companies. Mr Verbeek is a founding director of Traka. Mr Verbeek has held no other directorships of ASX listed companies during the last three financial years.

Non Executive Director

George Petersons

Mr Petersons is an experienced prospector with a long history of identifying and acquiring prospective exploration ground. He is a founding director of Traka. He has established himself as a consultant to the industry with local and offshore mining interests in precious metals, potash and lithium. Mr Petersons is Managing Director of Mekong Mining Limited (Thailand), a company involved in exploration and project development in South East Asia. Mr Petersons has held no other directorships of ASX listed companies during the last three financial years.

Information Relating to the Company Secretary

Company Secretary

Ira Gibbs BAcc (Hons), CA(SA)

Ms Gibbs is a Chartered Accountant with experience ranging across various industries, combined with company secretarial and corporate governance experience at listed mineral exploration companies.

Directors' Interests in Shares and Options

The numbers of shares and options in the Company held directly and indirectly by the directors as at the date of this report are as follows:

Director	Ordinary shares	Options over ordinary shares
J N Pitt	56,661,250	-
P A Verbeek	24,821,964	4,000,000
G J Petersons	2,325,331	-

Meetings of Directors

The number of meetings of directors held during the year and the number attended by each of the directors were as follows:

Director	Meetings of directors	Meetings attended
J N Pitt	19	19
P A Verbeek	19	19
G J Petersons	19	19

The Company does not have any subcommittees.

Audited Remuneration Report

The information provided in this remuneration report has been audited as required by Section 308 (3C) of the Corporations Act 2001.

(a) Principles used to determine the nature and amount of remuneration

The objective of the Company's remuneration policy is to ensure that:

- · remuneration packages properly reflect the duties and responsibilities of the persons concerned,
- remuneration is competitive in attracting, retaining and motivating people of the highest quality, and
- remuneration is reviewed by the board on an annual basis having regard to performance and market competitiveness.

The remuneration framework has regard to shareholders' interests by:

- focusing on sustained growth in share price, as well as focusing the executives on key non-financial drivers of value,
- and attracting and retaining high calibre executives.

Audited Remuneration Report (continued)

The remuneration framework has regard to executives' interests by:

- rewarding capability and experience,
- reflecting competitive reward for contributions in shareholder growth,
- providing a clear structure for earning rewards, and
- recognising contribution.

The remuneration policy is not linked to the Company's performance and is linked to shareholder wealth only in so far as options over the Company's shares are included in remuneration.

The Company may, from time to time, engage remuneration consultations to make a remuneration recommendation in respect of any key management personnel.

Non-executive directors

Fees and payments to non-executive directors reflect the demands which are made on, and the responsibilities of, the directors. Non-executive directors' fees are reviewed annually and remuneration packages are determined by the board within the maximum amount approved by shareholders from time to time (currently \$150,000 set in 2015) and are set fee amounts with prescribed superannuation, where applicable.

Executives

The remuneration of the managing director, Mr Patrick Verbeek, is determined by the board and comprises an agreed fee paid to Malahang Pty Ltd, a company associated with the managing director, and from time to time, at the discretion of the non-executive board members and with the approval of shareholders, the grant of options to acquire shares in the Company. The non-executive directors review terms of the managing director's remuneration on an annual basis. The nature and amount of remuneration paid to the managing director has been determined by reference to the services provided, experience, length of service and prevailing market rates.

Company performance and its consequences on shareholder wealth

It is not possible at this time to evaluate the Company's financial performance using generally accepted measures such as profitability and total shareholder return as the Company is an exploration company with no significant revenue stream. This assessment will be developed as and when the Company moves from explorer to producer.

The table below shows the gross revenue, losses and loss per share for the last five years for the Company:

		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Revenue and other income	\$	1,590	16,833	275,258	21,677	28,849
Net loss	\$	1,977,032	1,705,258	862,658	1,412,947	1,265,290
Loss per share	Cents	0.31	0.35	0.22	0.42	0.41
Share price at year end	Cents	0.6	1.5	0.7	1.3	3.8

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Audited Remuneration Report (continued)

(b) Details of remuneration

The key management personnel of the Company are the directors. There are no other key management personnel. The remuneration of key management personnel for the year is summarised below:

		Short term benefits	Post employment benefits	Share based payments	Total	Performance related
	Year	Salary & fees \$	Superannuation \$	Options \$	\$	%
Non-Executive I	Directors					
J N Pitt	2022	40,000	4,000	-	44,000	-
	2021	12,500	1,188	-	13,688	-
G J Petersons	2022	25,000	2,500	-	27,500	-
	2021	12,500	1,188	-	13,688	-
Managing Direc	tor					
P A Verbeek	2022	260,000	-	18,800	278,800	-
	2021	227,500	-	-	227,500	-
Total	2022	325,000	6,500	18,800	350,300	_
	2021	252,500	2,376	-	254,876	_

The options granted to the managing director during the year represented 6.7% of his total remuneration for the year. No part of the remuneration of key management personnel is contingent upon the performance of the Company.

(c) Service agreements

Managing Director

The Company entered into a consultancy agreement with Malahang Pty Ltd (Malahang) on 14 Oct 2003 (Malahang Agreement). In accordance with the terms of the Malahang Agreement, Malahang agreed to provide the services of its employee, Patrick Verbeek, to undertake all functions, duties, roles and authorities which the Company would require of a person engaged as managing director of the Company on a full time basis. The Malahang Agreement commenced on 20 November 2003 with an initial term of 2 years and has been extended since for further terms of 1 or 2 years. The current term concludes in May 2023. The current level of remuneration in terms of this agreement is set at \$270,000 per annum. Mr Verbeek is reimbursed for the use of his four-wheel-drive motor vehicle on an asclaimed basis. There are no guaranteed fee increases fixed in the managing director's contract. There are no termination arrangements in respect of Mr Verbeek's engagement other than the expectation that Malahang would receive 6 months' fees in the event of his services being terminated by the Company.

Audited Remuneration Report (continued)

(d) Share-based compensation

Directors and other key management personnel are entitled to take part in the Traka Resources Employee Share Option Plan. Share based payments are made at the discretion of the board of directors in the context of the overall remuneration package of the personnel. Directors receiving share-based payments are not involved in any board discussions regarding their remuneration.

Share based payments are generally provided in the form of options vesting immediately. Options granted under the plan carry no dividend or voting rights. Each option is convertible into one ordinary share. The issue of these options is not linked to past company performance since their principal purpose is to promote additional incentive to the key management personnel. There is no specific board policy restricting employees from taking action to limit their exposure to risk in relation to share based payments. Nevertheless, in terms of the Company's corporate governance policies, all employees are prohibited from dealing in the Company's securities when they possess inside information and they are obliged to inform the board of any proposed transactions in securities.

The basic terms and conditions of each grant of options affecting key management personnel remuneration in the previous, current or future reporting periods are as follows:

Grant date	Date vested and exercisable	Expiry date	Exercise price cents	Value per option at grant date	Number of options
17 Jul 2018	17 Jul 2018	16 Nov 2021	4.67	2.18 cents	2,000,000
29 Nov 2019	29 Nov 2019	28 Nov 2022	1.03	0.42 cents	2,000,000
30 Nov 2021	30 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2024	1.63	0.94 cents	2,000,000

During the year 2,000,000 options expired on 16 November 2021 and 2,000,000 options were issued on 30 November 2021. No options were exercised.

Details of the options in the Company provided as remuneration to key management personnel of the Company are set out below. Further information on options is set out in Note 19 to the financial statements.

	Balance at beginning of year	Received as remuneration	Options exercised	Balance at end of year
J N Pitt	-	-	-	-
P A Verbeek	4,000,000	2,000,000	(2,000,000)	4,000,000
G J Petersons	-	-	-	-

Audited Remuneration Report (continued)

(e) Shares held by key management personnel

The numbers of shares in the Company held directly and indirectly by key management personnel and any movements over the year, are set out below.

	Balance at beginning of year	Acquired	Disposed	Other	Balance at end of year
J N Pitt	42,256,662	14,404,588	-	-	56,661,250
P A Verbeek	21,250,537	3,571,427	-	-	24,821,964
G J Petersons	2,325,331	-	-	-	2,325,331

(f) Additional information

Voting and comments at the Company's 2021 Annual General Meeting (AGM)

The Company received a majority of votes in favour of its remuneration report for the 2021 financial year at its Annual General Meeting (AGM). The Company did not receive any specific comments on its remuneration practices at the AGM or throughout the year.

Services from remuneration consultants

The Company engaged Godfrey Remuneration Group Pty Ltd (GRG) as remuneration consultant to the board to benchmark the market competitiveness of remuneration practices for the managing director and the non-executive directors. GRG was paid \$18,000 for the remuneration recommendations in respect of reviewing the amount and elements of remuneration.

The engagement of GRG was based on a documented set of protocols that would be followed by GRG, including the prohibition of providing advice or recommendations to key management personnel before the advice or recommendations were given to the Board, and maintaining independence and confidentiality. These arrangements were implemented to ensure GRG would be able to carry out its work free from undue influence by members of the key management personnel about whom the recommendations may relate.

The Board undertook its own inquiries and review of the processes and procedures followed by GRG during the course of its assignment and is satisfied that he remuneration recommendations were made free from undue influence by members of the key management personnel about whom the recommendations may relate.

Audited Remuneration Report (continued)

Transactions with key management personnel

During the financial year the Company paid \$10,200 (2021: \$10,200) to the PAV Unit Trust, a trust associated with Mr Verbeek, in respect of a storage unit for exploration equipment and documents. This rental agreement was entered into on normal commercial terms and conditions determined on an arm's-length basis between the entities.

The Company has not made any loans to key management personnel during the year.

There were no other transactions with key management personnel and related parties during the year other than those reported in Note 17.

The audited remuneration report ends here.

Insurance of Officers

During the year the Company paid an amount to insure all current directors of the Company and current executive officers of the Company against liabilities arising out of their conduct whilst acting in the capacity of a director or officer of the Company other than conduct involving a wilful breach of duty to the Company. The policy requires that the amount of premium paid and the limits imposed remain confidential.

Shares Under Option

The numbers of options on issue at the date of this report are as follows:

Grant date	Expiry date	Issue price of shares	Number under option	Percent vested
29 November 2019	28 November 2022	1.03 cents	2,000,000	100%
30 November 2021	29 November 2024	1.63 cents	2,000,000	100%
7 June 2022	24 May 2025	1.30 cents	650,000	100%

Proceedings on Behalf of the Company

No person has applied to the Court under section 237 of the Corporations Act 2001 for leave to bring proceedings on behalf of the Company, or intervene in any proceedings to which the Company is a party, for the purpose of taking responsibility on behalf of the Company for all or part of those proceedings. The Company was not party to any such proceedings during the year.

Audit Committee

The Company is not of a size nor are its financial affairs of such complexity to justify a separate audit committee of the board of directors. All matters that might properly be dealt with by such a committee are the subject of scrutiny at full board meetings.

Non-Audit Services

HLB Mann Judd (WA Partnership) (HLB), the Company's auditor, did not perform any non-audit services for the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

Auditor's Independence Declaration

A copy of the auditor's independence declaration as required by Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 is included in this Annual Report. HLB holds office in accordance with section 327C(2) of the Corporations Act 2001.

This report is made in accordance with a resolution of the directors.

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JOSHUA PITT Chairman

14 September 2022

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Revenue from continuing operations	2	1,590	3,218
Other income	2	-	13,615
Exploration and evaluation expenditure	4	(1,316,124)	(1,272,675)
Administration expenses	3	(662,498)	(449,416)
Loss before income tax		(1,977,032)	(1,705,258)
Income tax expense	5	-	-
Loss for the year		(1,977,032)	(1,705,258)
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the year attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company	_	(1,977,032)	(1,705,258)
Loss per share attributable to the ordinary equity holders of the Company		Cents	Cents
Basic and diluted loss per share	6	(0.31)	(0.35)

The above Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Statement of Financial Position

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	947,695	596,840
Trade and other receivables	8	27,158	36,185
Total current assets		974,853	633,025
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment	9	4,789	2,198
Total non-current assets		4,789	2,198
Total assets		979,642	635,223
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	10	143,212	104,628
Provisions	11	9,852	19,398
Total current liabilities		153,064	124,026
Total liabilities		153,064	124,026
Net assets		826,578	511,197
Equity			
Issued capital	12	22,544,057	20,273,629
Reserves	13	878,553	856,568
Accumulated losses		(22,596,032)	(20,619,000)
Total equity		826,578	511,197

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Issued capital	Share based payments reserve	Exercised option reserve	Accumulated losses	Total equity
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
2022					
As at 1 July 2021	20,273,629	736,509	120,059	(20,619,000)	511,197
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,977,032)	(1,977,032)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,977,032)	(1,977,032)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					
lssue of ordinary fully paid shares, net of transaction costs	2,270,428	-	-	-	2,270,428
Share based payments	-	21,985	-	-	21,985
As at 30 June 2022	22,544,057	758,494	120,059	(22,596,032)	826,578
2021					
As at 1 July 2020	18,147,794	738,415	118,153	(18,913,742)	90,620
Loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,705,258)	(1,705,258)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	(1,705,258)	(1,705,258)
Transactions with equity holders in their capacity as equity holders:					
lssue of ordinary fully paid shares, net of transaction costs	2,125,835	-	-	-	2,125,835
Exercise of share options, net of transaction costs	-	(1,906)	1,906	-	-
- As at 30 June 2021	20,273,629	736,509	120,059	(20,619,000)	511,197

The above Statement of Changes in Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 30 June 2022

	Notes	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash flows from operating activities			
Interest received		1,465	3,511
Interest paid		(825)	-
Payments to suppliers and employees		(612,355)	(399,188)
Payments for exploration activities		(1,285,438)	(1,371,966)
Other receipts		-	21,222
Receipt of government co-funding for exploration		25,079	100,316
Net cash outflows from operating activities	14	(1,872,074)	(1,646,105)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for plant, equipment and motor vehicle		(47,499)	(2,900)
Net cash outflows from investing activities	-	(47,499)	(2,900)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from share issue	12	2,419,000	2,239,681
Payments for share issue costs	12	(148,572)	(113,846)
Net cash inflows from financing activities	-	2,270,428	2,125,835
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents held		350,855	476,830
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year		596,840	120,010
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year	7	947,695	596,840

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 1 SEGMENT INFORMATION

Management has determined that the Company has one reportable operating and geographical segment, being mineral exploration within Australia. Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker. The chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the members of the board of directors. The board of directors monitors the Company based on actual versus budgeted exploration expenditure. This internal reporting framework is the most relevant to assist the board with making decisions regarding its ongoing exploration activities.

NOTE 2 REVENUE AND OTHER INCOME

2022 \$	2021 \$
1,590	3,218
-	408
-	13,207
	13,615
	\$

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Interest income is brought to account as income over the term of each financial instrument on an effective interest rate basis. Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions, and are presented as Other Income in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income. Other revenue is recognised as it accrues. Government co-funding for exploration is offset against exploration and evaluation expenditure in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income.

NOTE 3 ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Loss before income tax includes the following administration expenses:		
Personnel expenses		
Salaries, directors' and management fees, other staff costs	575,477	528,424
Superannuation	31,658	28,307
Share based payments	21,985	-
Less: included as part of exploration expenditure	(321,174)	(407,947)
	307,946	148,784

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 3 ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES (continued)

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Depreciation	2,264	53,129
Other expenses		
Rental of office and storage	38,876	37,589
Company secretarial and accounting	66,872	66,872
Audit	22,983	21,765
Communications	24,279	35,120
Listing fees	28,455	15,242
Remuneration consultant	18,000	-
Public relations and conferences	78,759	10,156
Other	74,064	60,759
	662,498	449,416

Rental of office and storage space is expensed to profit or loss as incurred as the Company has elected to utilise the exemption in paragraph 5 of AASB16 Leases relating to short term leases.

NOTE 4 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Exploration and evaluation expenditure incurred, net of Government		
co-funding for exploration	1,316,124	1,272,675

Expenditure incurred during exploration and early evaluation stages of areas of interest is written off as incurred.

Once a decision to proceed to development has been taken, all further expenditure incurred relating to the area will be capitalised. Expenditure on acquisition of an area of interest is only carried forward to the extent that they are expected to be recouped through the successful development of the area or where activities in the area have not yet reached a stage that permits reasonable assessment of the existence of economically recoverable reserves. When production commences, the accumulated costs for the relevant area of interest are amortised over the life of the area according to the rate of depletion of the economically recoverable reserves.

Accumulated costs in relation to an abandoned area are written off to profit or loss in the year in which the decision to abandon the area is made. Costs of site restoration are provided over the life of the facility from when exploration commences and are included in the costs of that stage. Site restoration costs include the dismantling and removal of mining plant, equipment and building structures, waste removal, and rehabilitation of the site in accordance with clauses of the mining permits. Such costs are determined using estimates of future costs, current legal requirements and technology on a discounted basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 4 EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION EXPENDITURE (continued)

Any changes in the estimates for the costs are accounted on a prospective basis. In determining the costs of site restoration, there is uncertainty regarding the nature and extent of the restoration due to community expectations and future legislation. Accordingly, the costs have been determined on the basis that the restoration will be completed within one year of abandoning the site.

NOTE 5 INCOME TAX

	2022 \$	2021 \$
(a) Income tax benefit		
The components of income tax benefit comprise:		
Current tax	-	-
Deferred tax	-	-
	-	-

(b) Reconciliation of income tax benefit to prima facie tax benefit on accounting loss

Operating loss before income tax	(1,977,032)	(1,705,258)
Prima facie tax benefit at the Australian rate of 30% (2021: 30%)	593,110	511,577
Adjusted for tax effect of the following amounts:		
Non-deductible items	(7,075)	-
Non-taxable items	27,349	25,861
Adjustment for change in tax rate	906,306	(89,571)
Income tax benefit not brought to account	(1,519,690)	(447,867)
Income tax benefit	-	-
Income tax benefit	-	-

The credit for current income tax benefit is based on the loss for the year adjusted for any non-assessable or disallowed items. It is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or are substantively enacted by the balance date.

The Company does not satisfy all of the conditions to qualify as a base rate entity for the current year. Therefore, the full corporate tax rate of 30% applies to the Company.

NOTE 5 INCOME TAX (continued)

(c) Deferred tax assets and liabilities not brought to account

The directors estimate that the potential deferred tax assets and liabilities carried forward but not brought to account at year end, at the future reduced corporate tax rate of 30% (2021: 25%), are made up as follows:

	2022 \$	2021 \$
On income tax account:		
Carried forward tax losses	5,938,646	4,431,376
Deductible temporary differences	112,627	100,167
Taxable temporary differences	(53)	(13)
Unrecognised net deferred tax assets	6,051,220	4,531,530

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method in respect of temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. No deferred tax will be recognised from the initial recognition of an asset or liability, excluding a business combination, where there is no effect on accounting or taxable comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or liability is settled. Deferred tax is credited in the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income except where it relates to items that may be credited directly to equity or comprehensive income, in which case the deferred tax is adjusted directly against equity.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future tax profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

The deferred tax benefits will only be obtained if the conditions for deductibility occur. The amount of benefits brought to account, or which may be realised in the future, is based on the assumption that no adverse change will occur in income taxation legislation and the anticipation that the Company will derive sufficient future assessable income to enable the benefit to be realised and comply with the conditions of deductibility imposed by the law.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 6 LOSS PER SHARE

	2022 Cents	2021 Cents
Basic and diluted loss per share	0.31	0.35
Reconciliation of loss	\$	\$
The loss used in calculating the basic and diluted loss per share is equal to the loss attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	1,977,032	1,705,258
	No of shares	No of shares
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used as a denominator in calculating basic and diluted loss per share	639,672,346	488,946,323

The weighted average number of ordinary shares used in calculating basic and diluted loss per share is derived from the fully paid ordinary shares on issue.

Basic loss per share is determined by dividing the loss from ordinary activities after income tax expense by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the financial year.

Diluted loss per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic loss per share by taking into account amounts unpaid on ordinary shares and any reduction in earnings per share that will arise from the exercise of options outstanding during the year. The diluted loss per share is the same as the basic loss per share on account of the Company's potential ordinary shares (in the form of options) not being dilutive because their conversion to ordinary shares would not increase the loss per share.

NOTE 7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Cash at bank and on hand	947,695	596,840

Cash includes deposits at call with financial institutions and other highly liquid investments with short periods to maturity which is readily convertible to cash on hand and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, net of outstanding bank overdrafts.

Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities is disclosed in Note 23.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 8 TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Other receivables	26,928	35,864
Prepayments	52	268
Interest receivable	178	53
	27,158	36,185

Interest receivable comprises pro-rata interest receivable at balance date in respect of deposits at call which are expected to be repaid within 90 days. Other receivables relate to amounts recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office in respect of goods and services tax (GST) and cash flow boost grants.

Due to the short-term nature of these receivables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value.

Information about the Company's exposure to interest rate risk and sensitivity analysis for financial assets and liabilities is disclosed in Note 23.

NOTE 9 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Field equipment – at cost	152,237	152,237
Accumulated depreciation	(152,237)	(150,039)
Field equipment – carrying amount	-	2,198
Office furniture and equipment – at cost	80,605	75,751
Accumulated depreciation	(75,816)	(75,751)
Office furniture and equipment – carrying amount	4,789	-
Motor vehicle – at cost	89,835	89,835
Accumulated depreciation	(89,835)	(89,835)
Motor vehicle – carrying amount	-	-
Total plant and equipment – carrying amount	4,789	2,198

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 9 PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (continued)

A reconciliation of the carrying amounts of each class of plant and equipment at the beginning and end of the current financial year is set out below:

	Field equipment	Office furniture & equipment	Motor Vehicle	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
2022				
Carrying amount at 1 July 2021	2,198	-	-	2,198
Additions during the year	-	4,855	-	4,855
Depreciation expense	(2,198)	(66)	-	(2,264)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2022	-	4,789	-	4,789
2021				
Carrying amount at 1 July 2020	3,130	1,798	-	4,928
Additions during the year	50,399	-	-	50,399
Depreciation expense	(51,331)	(1,798)	-	(53,129)
Carrying amount at 30 June 2021	2,198	-	-	2,198

Recognition and measurement

Plant and equipment is stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Costs include expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

The carrying amount of plant and equipment is reviewed annually by the directors to ensure it is not in excess of the recoverable amount of these assets.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on a straight line basis so as to write off the net cost or revalued amount of each item of plant and equipment over its expected useful life to the Company. Estimates of remaining useful lives are made on a regular basis for all assets, with annual reassessments for major items. The depreciation rates used for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Plant and equipment:10% - 20% straight lineMotor vehicle:12.5% straight line

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 10 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

2022 \$	2021 \$
113,853	88,919
29,359	15,709
143,212	104,628
-	\$ 113,853 29,359

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of the financial year and which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. Due to the short term nature of these payables, their carrying value is assumed to approximate their fair value. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk is disclosed in Note 23.

Employee entitlements include accruals for annual leave. The entire obligation is presented as current since the Company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement. However, it is possible that some employees may not take the full amount of their accrued leave during the next 12 months.

NOTE 11 PROVISIONS

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Current Long service leave	9,852	19,398
Non-current Long service leave		_
Movement in provisions during the financial year, is as follows:		
Carrying amount at beginning of year	19,398	14,174
(Decrease)/increase in entitlement	(9,546)	5,224
Carrying amount at end of year	9,852	19,398

The provision for long service leave includes the unconditional entitlement to long service leave where employees have completed the required period of service or are entitled to pro-rata payments in certain circumstances.

The current provision for long service leave includes all unconditional entitlements where employees have completed the required minimum period of service.

The liability for long service leave not expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date is recognised in non-current liabilities, provided there is an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability.

The liability is measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the reporting date using the projected unit credit method. Consideration is given to expected future wage and salary levels, experience of employee departure and period of service. Expected future payments are discounted using market yields at the reporting date on national corporate bonds with terms to maturity and currency that match, as closely as possible, the estimated future cash outflows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 12 ISSUED CAPITAL

(a) Share capital

	2022 \$	2021 \$
688,774,561 (2021: 506,465,068) fully paid ordinary shares	22,544,057	20,273,629

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

The Company's capital risk management policy is set out in Note 23.

(b) Movements in ordinary share capital during the past two years

	2022 No of shares	2021 No of shares	2022 \$	2021 \$
At 1 July	506,465,068	400,462,959	20,273,629	18,147,794
Issue of ordinary shares:				
Placements	138,095,238	60,069,444	1,800,000	1,321,528
Share Purchase Plan	44,214,255	-	619,000	-
Entitlement issue	-	45,732,665	-	914,653
Exercise of options	-	200,000	-	3,500
Capital raising costs	-	-	(148,572)	(113,846)
At 30 June	688,774,561	506,465,068	22,544,057	20,273,629

During the current year the Company concluded two placements of ordinary shares to professional and sophisticated investors of 71,428,571 ordinary shares at 1.4 cents per share and 66,666,667 ordinary shares at 1.2 cents per share, respectively. The first placement was followed by a share purchase plan at the same price of 1.4 cents per share.

(c) Options to acquire ordinary shares

Set out below is a summary of unlisted options to acquire ordinary shares in the Company, issued in terms of the Company's Employee Share Option Plan.

Type of options	Expiry date	Exercise price	2022 No of options	2021 No of options
Director options	28 Nov 2022	1.03 cents	2,000,000	2,000,000
Director options	16 Nov 2021	4.67 cents	-	2,000,000
Staff options	4 Apr 2022	1.75 cents	-	650,000
Staff options	24 May 2025	1.30 cents	650,000	-
Director options	29 Nov 2024	1.63 cents	2,000,000	-
	Total	-	4,650,000	4,650,000

Details of share based payments are set out in Note 19.

NOTE 12 ISSUED CAPITAL (continued)

(d) Rights attaching to ordinary shares

Ordinary shares entitle the holder to participate in dividends and proceeds on winding up of the Company in proportion to the number of and amounts paid on the shares being held. On a show of hands every holder of ordinary shares present at a meeting in person or by proxy, is entitled to one vote and upon a poll each share is entitled to one vote. The ordinary fully paid shares are listed on the ASX and carry no trade restrictions.

NOTE 13 RESERVES

2022 \$	2021 \$
758,494	736,509
120,059	120,059
878,553	856,568
	\$ 758,494 120,059

The share-based payments reserve is used to recognise the fair value of options issued.

The exercised option reserve arises on the exercise of options when the share based payments reserve attributable to the options being exercised is transferred to this reserve.

NOTE 14 CASH FLOW INFORMATION

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Reconciliation of operating loss after income tax to net cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating loss after income tax	(1,977,032)	(1,705,258)
Depreciation	2,264	53,129
Equity-based payments	21,985	-
Decrease/(increase) in receivables	4,763	(11,455)
Increase/(decrease) in payables and provisions	75,946	17,479
Net cash outflows from operating activities	(1,872,074)	(1,646,105)

There were no non-cash flows from financing and investing activities.

NOTE 15 CONTINGENCIES

The directors are not aware of any material contingent liabilities at 30 June 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 16 COMMITMENTS

(a) Lease commitments

Although AASB16 Leases applies to the Company's lease of office space from 1 July 2019, the Company has elected to utilise the exemption in paragraph 5 of AASB16 relating to short term leases with terms of 12 months or less. Consequently, no further lease commitments are recognised.

(b) Remuneration commitments

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Commitments for the payment of salaries and other remuneration		
under long-term employment contracts in existence at the reporting		
date but not recognised as liabilities payable:		
Not later than one year	135,000	62,500
Later than one year but not later than five years	-	-
Later than five years	-	-
	135,000	62,500

(c) Exploration commitments

In order to maintain the mineral tenements in which the Company and other parties are involved, the Company is committed to fulfil the minimum annual expenditure conditions under which the tenements are granted. This represents potential expenditure which may be avoided by relinquishment of tenure. Exploration expenditure commitments beyond twelve months cannot be reliably determined. The current year minimum estimated expenditure in accordance with the requirements of the Western Australian Department of Mines, Industry Regulation and Safety and the Queensland Department of Natural Resources, Mines and Energy for the next financial year is \$525,000 (2021: \$525,000).

NOTE 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Key management personnel

The key management personnel of the Company are the directors.

Directors of the Company during the financial year were: Joshua Pitt Patrick Verbeek George Petersons

NOTE 17 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (continued)

The compensation paid to key management personnel during the year is set out below:

	2022	2021
	\$	\$
Short term employee benefits	325,000	255,833
Post-employment benefits	6,500	2,693
Share based payments	18,800	-
	350,300	258,526

Further information regarding the identity of key management personnel and their compensation can be found in the audited Remuneration Report contained in the Directors' Report.

(b) Director-related entities

During the financial year the Company paid \$10,200 (2021: \$10,200) to the PAV Unit Trust, a trust associated with Mr Verbeek, in respect of a storage unit for exploration equipment and documents. This rental agreement was entered into on normal commercial terms and conditions determined on an arm's-length basis between the entities.

NOTE 18 INTERESTS IN JOINT VENTURES

Name of project	Interest	Activities	Other parties
Ravensthorpe Project	20%	Gold and base metal	ACH Minerals Pty Ltd
(Bandalup Gossan JV)		exploration	

The Company's mineral exploration agreements with third parties do not constitute separate legal entities. They are contractual agreements between the participants for the sharing of costs and output and do not in themselves generate revenue and profit.

The agreements are of the type where initially one party contributes tenements with the other party earning a specified percentage by funding exploration activities; thereafter the parties often share exploration and development costs in proportion to their ownership of joint venture assets. The parties to the agreement do not hold any assets other than their title to the mineral tenements and accordingly the company's share of exploration expenditure is accounted for in accordance with the policy set out in Note 4.

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

The Traka Resources Limited Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) was adopted by the Company for the purpose of recognising the efforts of, and providing incentive to, employees of the Company. A summary of terms and conditions of the ESOP is set out below:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 30 June 2022

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

- Under the ESOP the Company may offer options to subscribe for shares in the Company to eligible persons. Directors and part-time or full-time employees are eligible persons for the purpose of the ESOP.
- The board of directors has discretion to determine who and to what extent an eligible person is entitled to participate in the ESOP.
- Options under the ESOP are to be offered on such terms as the board determines and the offer must set out the number of options offered, the exercise price and the period of the offer. Exercise price is determined by the board with reference to the market value of the shares of the Company at the time of resolving to offer the options. The period of the offer will be no longer than five years.
- No consideration is payable for the options unless the board determines otherwise and the Company will not apply for quotation of the options.
- The options are exercisable in whole or part, and shares will be issued within 10 business days of the receipt of notice of exercise and payment in full of the exercise price.
- If an option holder ceases to be an eligible person prior to the earliest date for exercise of their options for any
 other reason than retirement at age 60 or over, permanent disability, redundancy or death, the options will
 automatically lapse. If an option holder ceases to be an eligible person after the earliest date for exercise of their
 options for any other reason than retirement at age 60 or over, permanent disability, redundancy or death, the
 options will lapse after three months.

The fair value of options granted is recognised as an employee benefit expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date and recognised over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The fair value at grant date is independently determined using an option pricing model that takes into account the price, term, vesting and performance criteria, impact of dilution, non-tradeable nature of the unlisted options, share price at grant date and expected price volatility of the underlying share, expected dividend yield and the risk-free interest rate for the term.

Set out below is a summary of the movement of options on issue during the current and prior years:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Outstanding at start of year	Granted	Exercised/ Expired	Outstanding at end of year
		Cents	Number	Number	Number	Number
2022						
29 Nov 2019	28 Nov 2022	1.03	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
8 Apr 2019	4 Apr 2022	1.75	650,000	-	(650,000)	-
17 Jul 2018	16 Nov 2021	4.67	2,000,000	-	(2,000,000)	-
30 Nov 2021	29 Nov 2024	1.63	-	2,000,000	-	2,000,000
7 Jun 2022	24 May 2025	1.30	-	650,000	-	650,000
Vested and ex	ercisable at 30 Ju	ine	4,650,000	2,650,000	(2,650,000)	4,650,000
Weighted aver	age exercise pric	e (cents)	2.70	-	-	1.33

2021						
29 Nov 2019	28 Nov 2022	1.03	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
8 Apr 2019	4 Apr 2022	1.75	850,000	-	(200,000)	650,000
17 Jul 2018	16 Nov 2021	4.67	2,000,000	-	-	2,000,000
9 Jan 2018	8 Jan 2021	7.40	650,000	-	(650,000)	-
Vested and exerci	sable at 30 June		5,500,000	-	(850,000)	4,650,000
Weighted average	exercise price (cents	3.22	-	-	2.70	

NOTE 19 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (continued)

The vesting expense of the options that were exercised during the prior year was \$1,906. No options were exercised during the current year.

The assessed fair value of the options issued during the year was \$21,985 (2021: nil) as calculated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes model for valuation of call options, the inputs of which included:

	Employee options	Director options
No of options	650,000	2,000,000
Grant date	23 May 2022	30 Nov 2021
Exercise by	24 May 2025	29 Nov 2024
Expected average life of options	3 years	3 years
Exercise price per share	1.30 cents	1.63 cents
Share price at grant date	0.80 cents	1.40 cents
Expected volatility	114%	117%
Risk-free interest rate	2.83%	0.87%
Value of options at grant date, per option	0.49 cents	0.94 cents

Further details regarding any share-based payments to key management personnel can be found in the audited Remuneration Report set out in the Directors' Report.

NOTE 20 AUDITOR REMUNERATION

	2022 \$	2021 \$
Amounts received, or due and receivable, by HLB Mann Judd (WA		
Partnership) for:		
Audit and review of the financial reports of the Company	22,983	21,765

NOTE 21 EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER BALANCE DATE

To the best of the directors' knowledge and belief, there have not been any matters or circumstances that have arisen after balance date that have significantly affected, or may significantly affect, the operations of the Company, the results of those operations or the state of affairs of the Company in future financial periods.

NOTE 22 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The directors evaluate estimates and judgements incorporated into the financial report based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

Key estimates - share-based payments

Historical volatility was used as the basis for estimating likely future share price volatility. Actual future volatility may differ from the estimate used. The expected average life of the options was estimated at 3 years. The actual life could differ from this estimate if the holder of the options chooses to exercise his options prior to their expiry date. The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options on issue is 1.62 years (2021: 0.88 years).

NOTE 23 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company, in its normal course of business, is exposed to financial risks comprising liquidity risk, market risk (essentially interest rate risk) and credit risk.

The directors have overall responsibility for the Company's management of these risks and seek to minimise these risks through ongoing monitoring and review of the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks encountered by the Company.

(a) Liquidity risk

The Company has no significant exposure to liquidity risk as the Company's only debt is that associated with trade creditors in respect of which the Company's policy is to ensure payment within 30 days. The Company manages its liquidity by monitoring forecast cash flows.

(b) Credit risk

The Company's only exposure to credit risk arises from having its cash assets, including security deposits, all deposited at one bank. The Company manages this minimal exposure by ensuring its funds are deposited only with a major Australian bank with high security ratings. The Company manages its minimal exposure to credit risk from its other receivables by ensuring prompt collection of those receivables.

NOTE 23 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

(c) Capital risk management

The Company's objective in managing capital, which consists of equity capital and reserves less accumulated losses to date, is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to explore for minerals with the ultimate objective of providing returns for shareholders whilst maintaining an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares, sell assets, or farm out joint venture interests in its projects.

(d) Market risk

Interest rate risk

The Company's market risk exposure is to Australian money market interest rates in respect of its cash assets. The risk is managed by monitoring the interest rate yield curve out to 120 days to ensure a balance is maintained between the liquidity of its cash assets and the interest rate return. The weighted average interest rate to which the Company was exposed on its cash assets at the year-end was 0.14% (2021: 0.08%).

The sensitivity analysis below has been determined based on the interest rate risk of the company's cash assets. The Company has no interest rate risk associated with any of its other financial assets or liabilities. This analysis reflects the effect of a 0.5% decrease or increase in interest rates and represents management's assessment of the change in interest rates possible over the next 12 months.

At balance date, if interest rates had been 0.5% higher or lower and all other variables were held constant, the Company's profit or loss would increase/decrease by \$4,738 (2021: \$2,984) with no effect (2021: nil) on other components of equity.

NOTE 24 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements that relate specifically to matters dealt with in the preceding notes, are set out in the relevant notes. The more general accounting policies not already set out above are listed below.

The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

NOTE 24 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(a) Statement of compliance and basis of preparation

The financial report was authorised for issue by the Board of Directors.

The financial report complies with the Corporations Act 2001 and Australian Accounting Standards, which include Australian equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards (AIFRS). Compliance with AIFRS ensures the financial report, comprising the financial statements and notes thereto, complies with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). The Company is a for-profit entity for the purpose of applying these standards.

The financial statements have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs.

Going concern

During the year ended 30 June 2022, the Company incurred a net loss of \$1,977,032 and, at balance date, the Company's current assets exceeded current liabilities by \$821,789.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis of accounting which assumes that the Company will be able to meet its commitments as and when they fall due. In arriving at this assumption, the directors recognise that the Company is dependent upon funding alternatives to meet these ongoing commitments, including capital raisings and/or the realisation of assets.

In the event that the Company does not achieve the matters as set out above, there is a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore whether it will realise its assets and extinguish its liabilities in the normal course of business and at amounts stated in the financial statements. The financial statements do not include any adjustment relating to the recoverability and classification of recorded assets amounts nor to the amounts and classifications of liabilities that might be necessary should it not continue as a going concern.

(b) Employee benefits

Wages and salaries and annual leave

Liabilities for wages and salaries and annual leave expected to be settled within 12 months of the reporting date are recognised in other payables in respect of employees' services up to the reporting date and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

Retirement benefits obligations

Contributions are made by the Company to employee superannuation funds and are charged as expenses when incurred.

(c) Financial assets and liabilities

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost on trade date, which includes transaction costs, when the related contractual rights or obligations exist. Subsequent to initial recognition these instruments are measured as set out in the relevant notes. The carrying value of financial assets and liabilities approximates their fair value.

NOTE 24 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Impairment of assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any objective evidence that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is expensed to profit or loss. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

(e) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of associated GST, unless the GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office. In these circumstances it is recognised as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense. Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the Australian Taxation Office is included with other receivables or payables in the Statement of Financial Position. Cash flows are presented on a gross basis except for the GST components of investing or financing activities, which are presented as operating cash flow.

(f) Accounting standards and interpretations

New accounting standards and interpretations adopted

In the year ended 30 June 2022, the directors have reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued by the AASB that are relevant to the Company and effective for the reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021.

As a result of this review, the directors have determined that there is no material impact of any new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued on the Company and therefore no material change is necessary to accounting policies.

New accounting standards and interpretations in issue, not yet adopted

The directors have also reviewed all of the new and revised Standards and Interpretations issued, but not yet effective, that are relevant to the Company and effective for the reporting periods beginning on or after 1 July 2021.

As a result of this review, the directors have determined that there is no material impact on the Company for any new and revised Standards and Interpretations, but not yet effective, and therefore no material change is necessary to accounting policies.

Directors' Declaration For the year ended 30 June 2022

- 1. In the opinion of the Directors of Traka Resources Limited (the Company):
- a) the accompanying financial statements and notes are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:
- i) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its performance for the year then ended; and
- ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards, the Corporations Regulations 2001, professional reporting requirements and other mandatory requirements.
- b) there are reasonable grounds to believe that the Company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.
- c) the financial statements and notes thereto are in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the International Accounting Standards Board.
- 2. This declaration has been made after receiving the declarations required to be made to the Directors in accordance with Section 295A of the Corporations Act 2001 for the financial year ended 30 June 2022.

This declaration is signed in accordance with a resolution of the board of Directors.

hull

JOSHUA PITT Chairman

14 September 2022



AUDITOR'S INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION

As lead auditor for the audit of the financial report of Traka Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022, I declare that to the best of my knowledge and belief, there have been no contraventions of:

- a) the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the audit; and
- b) any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Perth, Western Australia 14 September 2022

Buckley

D I Buckley Partner

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT To the Members of Traka Resources Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Report

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Traka Resources Limited ("the Company") which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2022, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, and the directors' declaration.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report of the Company is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the Company's financial position as at 30 June 2022 and of its financial performance for the year then ended; and
- (b) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the auditor independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* ("the Code") that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw attention to Note 24(a) in the financial report, which indicates that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect to this matter.

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Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgement, were of most significance in our audit of the financial report of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial report as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. Other than the matter described in the *Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern* section, we have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the Financial Report and Auditor's Report Thereon

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2022, but does not include the financial report and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial report, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Directors for the Financial Report

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view and is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the directors are responsible for assessing the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:



- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial report, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial report or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial report, including the disclosures, and whether the financial report represents the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial report of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on the Remuneration Report

Opinion on the Remuneration Report

We have audited the Remuneration Report included within the directors' report for the year ended 30 June 2022.

In our opinion, the Remuneration Report of Traka Resources Limited for the year ended 30 June 2022 complies with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*.



Responsibilities

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation and presentation of the Remuneration Report in accordance with section 300A of the *Corporations Act 2001*. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Remuneration Report, based on our audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards.

HLB Mann Juck

HLB Mann Judd Chartered Accountants

Perth, Western Australia 14 September 2022

D I Buckley Partner

Shareholder Information As at 30 September 2022

NUMBER OF EQUITY SECURITIES

	Listed	Not listed
Shares		
Ordinary shares fully paid	688,774,561	-
Options over unissued shares		
Exercisable at 1.03 cents expiring 28 November 2022	-	2,000,000
Exercisable at 1.63 cents expiring 29 November 2024	-	2,000,000
Exercisable at 1.30 cents expiring 24 May 2025	-	650,000
	-	4,650,000

DISTRIBUTION OF SHARES AND OPTIONS BY SIZE OF HOLDING

Holders		Shareholders	Option holders
1 -	1,000	70	-
1,001 -	5,000	26	-
5,001 -	10,000	62	-
10,001 -	100,000	540	4
100,001+		534	3
		1,232	7

UNMARKETABLE PARCEL

There are 574 holders of less than a marketable parcel of ordinary shares.

SUBSTANTIAL SHAREHOLDERS

The following information is extracted from the Company's register of substantial shareholders:

Name	No of Shares	%
Perth Capital Pty Ltd & Associates	56,661,250	8.23
Tattersfield Group	52,819,049	7.67
Elohpool Pty Ltd	34,442,803	5.00

Shareholder Information As at 30 September 2022

VOTING RIGHTS

The voting rights attaching to the ordinary shares, set out in clause 13.14 of the Company's constitution are:

Subject to any rights or restrictions for the time being attached to any class or classes of Shares, at meetings of Shareholders or classes of Shareholders:

- a) each Shareholder entitled to vote may vote in person or by proxy, attorney or Representative;
- b) on a show of hands, every person present who is a Shareholder or a proxy, attorney or Representative of a Shareholder has one vote (even though he or she may represent more than one member); and
- c) on a poll, every person present who is a Shareholder or a proxy, attorney or Representative of a Shareholder shall, in respect of each fully paid Share held by him or her, or in respect of which he or she is appointed a proxy, attorney or Representative, have one vote for the share, but in respect of partly paid Shares, shall have such number of votes being equivalent to the proportion which the amount paid (not credited) is of the total amounts paid and payable in respect of those Shares (excluding amounts credited).

	Holder name	No of Shares	%
1	Tattersfield Securities Ltd	51,658,679	7.50
2	Perth Capital Pty Ltd	48,115,537	6.99
3	Elohpool Pty Ltd	34,442,803	5.00
4	Bellarine Gold Pty Ltd <ribblesdale a="" c="" fund="" super=""></ribblesdale>	20,000,000	2.90
5	Dimensional Holdings Pty Ltd	19,600,000	2.85
6	Walter Mick George Yovich	19,302,897	2.80
7	Cap Holdings Pty Ltd <cap a="" c=""></cap>	16,052,007	2.33
8	Malahang Pty Ltd	11,273,008	1.64
9	C G X Pty Ltd	11,055,269	1.61
10	Mr Martin Eric I'Ons + Mrs Jane Margaret I'Ons <the a="" c="" e="" family="" i'ons="" m=""></the>	10,357,142	1.50
11	Mr Po Yuen Lau	10,044,053	1.46
12	Campbell Kitchener Hume & Associates Pty Ltd <c a="" c="" h="" k="" superfund=""></c>	10,000,000	1.45
13	Mr Michael James Pauley	9,825,640	1.43
14	Malahang Pty Ltd <patrick a="" c="" f="" s="" verbeek=""></patrick>	8,834,670	1.28
15	Cue Diversified Pty Ltd	7,800,000	1.13
16	Harley N Pty Limited <harley account="" fund="" super=""></harley>	7,000,000	1.02
17	Hamilton Hawkes Pty Ltd <whitcombe a="" c="" family=""></whitcombe>	5,682,516	0.83
18	Ultragas Resources Pty Ltd	5,000,000	0.72
18	Whitecombe Super Investments Pty Ltd <whitecombe a="" c="" fund="" super=""></whitecombe>	5,000,000	0.72
20	Citicorp Nominees Pty Limited	4,930,422	0.71
	_	315,974,643	45.87

TWENTY LARGEST HOLDERS OF LISTED EQUITY SECURITIES

Mineral Resources Statement As at 30 June 2022

PROJECT: MT CATTLIN GOLD

Commodity:	Gold
Traka Resources interest:	100%
Location:	Ravensthorpe Greenstone Belt of south-west Western Australia
Review:	The Mineral Resources for this project remained unchanged during the financial vear ended 30 June 2022

Mineral Resources (JORC 2012): (Traka Resources Limited ASX announcement 22 June 2021)

	JORC category			Total			
	Indicated		Inferred		Tonnes	Grade	Estimated
Location	Tonnes	Grade g/t Au	Tonnes	Grade g/t Au		g/t Au	contained Ounces Au
Maori Queen Main Lode	-	-	31,908	6.19	31,908	6.19	6,353
Sirdar	101,214	3.58	-	-	101,214	3.58	12,781
Sirdar	-	-	31,972	2.83	31,972	2.83	3,191
Total					165,094	3.94	22,940

Bottom cut-off grade of 1.0 g/t Au Maori Queen and 0.5 g/t Sirdar

Comparison with previous year:

There have been no changes in the Mineral Resource of this project since the previous year's statement. Mineral Resources were first reported on 22 June 2021. Traka confirms that it is not aware of any new information or data that materially affects the information included in the relevant market announcement. In the case of estimates of Mineral Resources, the Company confirms that all material assumptions and technical parameters underpinning the estimates in the relevant market announcement continue to apply and have not materially changed. The Directors of Traka confirm that the form and context of matters in that announcement have not been materially altered.

Compliance Statements:

The information in this report that relates to the Mineral Resources for the Mt Cattlin Gold Project is based on information compiled by Mr Patrick Verbeek, who is the Managing Director of Traka Resources Limited. Mr Verbeek, who is a Competent Person and a Member of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, has sufficient experience that is relevant to the style of mineralisation, type of deposit under consideration and the activity being undertaken to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2012 edition of the Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves (JORC Code 2012).

Mr Verbeek has been assisted by Independent Geological Consultant, Mr Robert Seed, (BSc Geology University of Natal) who has 30+ years of professional experience in exploration, development and resource estimation of gold and base metals. Mr Seed has geostatistical, GIS and Leapfrog software proficiency and contributed to the modelling of the mineralised models and mineral calculations included in this statement. Mr Verbeek consents to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on the information in the form and context in which it appears.

Governance and internal controls:

The Company is satisfied that the above statements of Mineral Resources comply with the Company's Corporate Governance arrangements and Internal Controls.

Schedule of Tenements As at 30 September 2022

Tenement	Location	Registered Holding	Beneficial Interest
E69/2749	Musgrave, WA	0%	Note 1
E69/3156	Musgrave, WA	0%	Note 1
E69/3157	Musgrave, WA	0%	Note 1
E69/3490	Musgrave, WA	0%	Note 1
E69/3569	Musgrave, WA	0%	Note 1
P74/0370	Ravensthorpe, WA	0%	Note 2
P74/0373	Ravensthorpe, WA	0%	Note 2
E74/0401	Ravensthorpe, WA	0%	Note 2
E74/0636	Ravensthorpe, WA	0%	20%
EPM26264	Gorge Creek, QLD	100%	100%
EPM26723	Gorge Creek, QLD	100%	100%
EA37/1458	Leonora, WA	100%	100%

Note 1: The Company retains a 2% net smelter return royalty on all minerals produced from these tenements.Note 2: The Company holds a 100% interest in the gold and other minerals excluding pegmatite minerals.

Key:

- E: Exploration licence
- EA: Exploration licence application
- P: Prospecting licence
- EPM: Exploration permit mineral



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